

Weekly Provision Focus/Enhancements: Animal Safari

their food?' Provide time for the children to sort them share their ideas and ask questions. Introduce the children to vocabulary including carnivore, herbivore, omnivore, plants and meat, and explain that carnivores and most reptiles are carnivores and most reptiles are carnivores. Those will not appreciate that birds can be carnivores and most reptiles are carnivores. They have created patterns using vegetables and paint in our Ready, Steady, Grow project. They have created patterns using vegetables and paint in our Ready, Steady, Grow project. They have created patterns using vegetables and paint in our Ready, Steady Grow project. They have created patterns using vegetables and paint in our Ready, Steady Grow project. They have created patterns using vegetables and paint in our Ready, Steady Grow project. They then adapt and change this to make their own routine and test to see if it works their own routine and test to see if it works the work their own routine and test to see if it works the vocabulary further. Revisit how the children have used 2Go to give simple instructions, learn directions and of movements or dance routine. Some children to sort them into groups based on their features. Provide time for the children to sort them into groups based on their features. Provide time for the children to sort them into groups based on their features. Provide time for the children to sort them into groups based on their features. Provide time for the children to sort them into groups based on their features. Provide time for the children to sort them into groups based on their features. Provide time for the children to sort them into groups based on their features. Provide time for the children to sort them into groups based on their features. Provide time for the children to sort them of discuss their ideas and explain their reasoning. Introduce the children to sort them to discuss their ideas and explain their reasoning. Introduce the children to sort them to discuss their ideas and to provide time f	Weekly Provision Focus/Enhancements:			Subject vocabulary					
KEY knowledge: Carmivores are animals that eat other animals, herbivores are animals that eat plants, and other animals. Mammals are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptiles are animals that breathe air, have wearm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptiles are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have warm blood and give birth to live bables. Reptile are animals that breathe air, have beautile and bables. Reptile gash and east of the form the live of the dark of the form the form of the fo				Project Maths		HFW		Other	
AOL: Understanding the World Where are they now? The children know that food sources come from plants or animals (Ready, Steady, Grow). Those with an interest in dinosaurs use the terms carnivores and mebriwore. Those will not appreciate that birds can be carnivores and most reptiles are carnivores. ASK the question 'Where do animals get their food?' Provide time for the children to share their ideas and ask questions. Introduce the children to vocabulary including carnivore, herbivore, omnivore, plants and meat, and explain that carnivores and most reptiles are carnivores. ASK the question 'Where do animals get their food?' Provide time for the children to share their ideas and ask questions. Introduce the children to vocabulary including carnivore, herbivore, omnivore, plants and meat, and explain that carnivores hunt and eat other animals for food in the animal world. Display the Carnivores and most reptiles are carnivores. ASK the question 'Where do animals get their food?' Provide time for the children to sorabulary including carnivore, performed their indeas and ask questions. Introduce the children to vocabulary including carnivore, herbivore, omnivore, plants and meat, and explain that carnivores hunt and eat other animals for food in the animal world. Display the Carnivores and most reptiles are carnivores. ASK the question 'Where do animals get their food?' Provide time for the children to sort the children to the vocabulary 'reptile', 'mammal' and 'bird'. You could use the 'What am Ir?' page in A First Book of Animals by Nicola Davies to explore the vocabulary further. Revisit how the children have used 2Go to give simple logo. Some children have incorporated directions of their play. The children have incorporated directions of their play. Some children to the vocabulary 'their friends to complete a task (pick up bags). They then adapt and change this to werk their own routine and test	 KEY knowledge: Carnivores are animals that eat other eat plants and other animals. Mammals are animals that breather a breather air, have dry, scaly skin and eggs. Bird eggs have hard, chalky shells. Remarks 	r animals, herbivores are animals that eat plants ir, have warm blood and give birth to live babies ay eggs. Birds are animals that breathe air, have eptile eggs have soft, leathery shells.	, omnivores are animals that s. Reptiles are animals that	mammal bir beak claws meat herbi	d fur feathers teeth carnivore	thirteenetc full ten		come some do	run
Where are they now? The children know that food sources come from plants or animals (Ready, Steady, Grow). Ask the question 'Where do animals get their food?' Provide time for the children to share their ideas and ask questions. Introduce the children to vocabulary including carnivore, plants and meat, and explain that carnivores and most reptiles are carnivores and most to the correct hoops and explain their reasoning. Compare the animals in the two hoops to see whether they have similar	Pop Ups! (Objective led)					•			
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	from plants or animals (Ready, Steady, Grow). Those with an interest in dinosaurs use the terms carnivore and herbivore. Some will not appreciate that birds can be	their food?' Provide time for the children to share their ideas and ask questions. Introduce the children to vocabulary including carnivore, herbivore, omnivore, plants and meat, and explain that carnivores hunt and eat other animals for food in the animal world. Display the Carnivores and herbivores picture cards and two labelled hoops. Invite the children to sort the cards into the correct hoops and explain their reasoning. Compare the animals in the two hoops to see whether they have similar	patterns in maths and musical They have created patterns vegetables and paint in our Steady Grow project. Some pupils may find it diff which animals are covered	ic. s using Ready,	cards and invite the clinto groups based on time for them to discuexplain their reasonin children to the vocable 'mammal' and 'bird'. Y'what am I?' page in Animals by Nicola Day vocabulary further. Rehave sorted the animal labelled hoops and we the picture cards into	hildren to sort them their features. Provide uss their ideas and g. Introduce the ulary 'reptile', You could use the A First Book of vies to explore the evisit how the children als. Provide three ork together to sort	directional language into their play. Some children used crates as a course to 'program' their friends to complete a task (pick up bags). Some children have used 2Go to give simple instructions, learn directions and		of movements or dance routine. They then adapt and change this to make their own routine and test to see if it works. Traditional songs such as 'Heads, shoulders, knees and toes', using different musical instruments to signify certain moves, or using pictures to indicate certain moves, all provide algorithms (sets of instructions o
	Literacy – Mark Making	UTW			PD (Gross/Fine)			EAD	





Bowser Message – Bowser has stolen the Yoshi eggs. He want to use them for throwing at enemies such as Mario and his brother. Need to find where Bowser has hidden them before he uses them as weapons.

Display the Eggs picture cards and discuss animals that lay eggs. Are they surprised that any of the animals lay eggs? Watch the <u>Hatched video</u> together to learn more about reptiles that hatch from eggs. Provide time for the children to comment on what they have seen and ask questions to find out more.



Provide star stickers, tissue paper, card to design own rosettes.



explore. Can you guess which animal the patterns belong to?

Can you use crayons/oil pastels to make your own animal prints?

Maths Role Play/Small World **Direct Child Support** Maths Rose Maths Provide small world wild animals, wooden blocks, a large roll of paper and felt tip pens for the children to create animal parks. JF – Looking after Sooty – try checking if mum can send in a Snakes and Ladders They could build houses out of wooden blocks or draw maps and Maths Area photo of Sooty. pens for the animals. Show the children how to play the game. WJC – ai ee igh oa Provide a set of birthday cards for different ages. Ask the children to peg LH – ai ee igh oa Encourage them to count on using the Practical resources the cards onto a washing line in JS, JC – fine motor skills – chalks, brushes, scissors numbers on the board. For example, if they

• Small world animals

Wooden blocks

Rolls of paper

Felt tip pens

start on 23 and roll a 4, they count 24, 25,

26, 27. They can also use the board to race

to find a given number.

E.g. Who can be first to find 72?

ascending and descending order.

Ask them to close their eyes whilst

you make one change. Can they spot

what is wrong?

Enhar

areas

Provision Enhancements OUTDOORS EAD Literacy – Dear Zoo PD/ Understanding the World EAD/ Role Play Unplugged algorithms Can you use the shadows of the small world animals to Come to the Serengeti draw around an animals shadow? Use chalk to create a grid 8 x 8. Children instruct each other to Accompany your singing by playing a guiro or other 'scraper' Can you build a nest/habitat for the Yoshi eggs? move around the grid collecting Yoshi eggs. percussion instrument (or create a similar sound effect by Put a length of paper in a sunny spot outside. Add small world running a stick along a ridged plastic bottle). What will the Yoshi eggs need so they hatch? How long will animals and provide felt tip pens for the children to draw around they take to hatch? the animal shadows. Does the size of the shadow change Come to the Serengeti throughout the day? Practical resources Roll of paper Small world animals Felt tip pens Water: Help children to create an African watering hole. Cover the bottom of the water tray with a small amount of water, add soil mixed with cornflour and encourage children to explore the mud with large twigs. They could add animals, pebbles, rocks and leaves, too.